To the Voters of Warren County: I homby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Warrin county, subject to the action of the Democratic convention, 1922* C. J. Hill.

To the Voters of Warren County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for he office of Assessor of Warren county, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention.

101s*
F. G. HENDERSON.

FOR TREASURER. To the Voters of Warren County: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Warren county, sub-ject to the action of the Democratic Conven-tion.

GEU. P. LaBARRE.

To the Voters of Warren County:

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Warren county, sub-ject to the action of the Democratic Conven-tion.

JOHN M. CAMERON. FOR SHERIFF. We are authorized to announce Mr. D. N. HEBRON, as a candidate for Sheriff of Warren county, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention.

We are authorized to announce W. O. WOR-RELL as a cardidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Denocratic Convention. To the Voters of Warren County:

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Warron county, subject to the action of the Democratic convention, [61] CHAS. B. ALLEN.

SENATOR COLQUITT furnishes the first instance in the history of Georgia where the father and son represented the State in the United States Senate. The Camerons in Pennsylvania and the Bayards in Delaware are the only examples in other States.

THE Enquires of Monday says a telegram was received in that city from Columbus to the effect that Senator Thurman has consented to accept the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, should it be tendered to him. With the "noble old Roman," to lead them, there can be no doubt of the success of the Democrats in Ohio this

THE statement that Chief Examiner Lyman of the Civil Service Commission had an interview with the Postmaster General on the subject of requiring applicants for appointment for Postoffice messengers under the special delivery system about to be inaugurated, to pass a civil service examination is denied by Mr. Lyman. He says the matter has not been formally considered yet. The matter of appointing the boys, he says, will be upon the recommendation of Postmasters, who will send the names of appli-, cants to the Postofice Department or to the Civil Service Commission in case the boys are appointed under Civil Service rules.

JUDGE MITCHELL is an independent candidate for congress in the third Arkansas district, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the election of Mr. Jones to the senate. Commenting on his candidacy, the Arkansas Gazette says: "The issue is now made up and the Democracy of the third district will understand that an enemy is in the field and that despite their large majority they cannot afford to remain at home on election day. Judge Mitchell is not the nominee of any political to party. His candidacy represents noth- about \$61,980 to be paid on account of ing but his personal ambition. If elect- claims, the justice of which are aded he would figure in congress as a po-sition. The balance of the congreslitical nondescrip, without power or sional appropriation of \$335,000, position. He could do nothing for his amounting to \$85,000, will be reserved constituents, and would serve only as for the payment of such disputed a modern illustration of the tradition- claims as may be found just and equital 'poor boy at a husking.' The people of the third district want a congressman who can be recognized; who can stand up and be counted; who will, when in Washington, find a dominant party with whom he can act in behalf of his constituents."

Resolutions of Thanks.

At the reception tendered the West Point Ritles last evening at Magnolia club rooms by the Southrons, the following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted:

drill.

Resolved, That we return our thanks to the gallant Meridian Rifles for ren- and Jack Welsh, another striker, hit rendering, such efficient aid in guarding the drill grounds, and for many additional courtesies rendered us by

Accident to Cole's Circus Train. PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Aug. 18 .-While Cole's Circus was coming through a tunnel, near Cairo, on their way to this city last night, three cages struck the roof of the tunnel and were entirely demolished. A number of animals were liberated. The train was in the tunnel, and all was confusion owing to darkness. All the animals were finally recaptured and One kangaroo was killed, and Miss Richards, wife of the press agent, was seriously injured by striking her head against the side of the

Mothers'

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Re work until an objectionable assistant newer." \$1. Druggists.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumpflon Cuse is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. For sale by potence, Sexual Debility. \$1. Hardaway & Cassell-

LOWRY RENOMINATED.

The convenion of the Democratic party of the State, which assembled at Jackson yesterday began its good work by renominating, by an overwhelming vote, the Hon. Robert Lowry as its candidate for Governor in the next election. This is a most gratifying result, and is to be regarded as a sufficient answer to the charges which have been made against him by a few papers and individuals. It is the assertion by the party that his four years administration meets the hearty approval of the party and that they are willing to trust him longer with the management of the affairs of the State. THE COMMERCIAL HERALD is especially proud of the result, because from the beginning it has been the steadfast advocate of his renomination. It is unnecessary to add, that we shall endeavor to secure his election by all means at our

In re-nominating the Hon. Geo. D. Shands, for Lieutenant Governor the convention did the proper thing. He had made a good officer and deserved this recognition at the hands of the

Up to this writing no other nominations have been made, but if the corvention will conclude its labors by placing on the ticket, for Attorney-General, our distinguished fellow-citizen, Hon, T. Marshall Miller, it will give us a ticket, which will command the support of the entire party and the respect of its opponents.

> Items from Edwards. EDWARDS, M188., Aug. 19, 1885.

Correspondence Commercial Herald. The cotton worm has at last appeared in this neighborhood but as yet have done little or no damage. Cotton picking has commenced in earnest. The physicians are complaining of

Some petty thief entered Messrs, Chichester and Pattison's residence on the night of the 17th, not doing much damage, only taking the small change out of their pockets, and I suppose that was very small, as they had just returned from your city, having witnessed the competitive drill.

Most of our society belles are summering at different watering places, hence our town is remarkably dull.

A progressive euchre party has been organized by Mr. Dabney Marshall, and it bids fair to be the most attractive of the season, for anything he attempts means success. Ninety-four excursion tickets were

sold here on the 17th, to Vicksburg. Bed-Bugs, Flies.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats."

Paying the Indebtedness of the Exposition.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18 .- Warrants have already been issued by the treasury department for the payment of undisputed claims against the World's Exposition at New Orleans, amounting \$158,000. There remains only able.

A PLUCKY PRIEST,

Prevents a Murder and Saves Workman from a Crowd of Strikers.

YONKERS, N. Y., Aug. 18.-Frequent fights have occurred during the past few months between strikers and men who remained at work in the carpet mills of Alex Smith's sons, and at times the trouble has assumed the form of riots. Yesterday, while at 25c. per box by Hardaway & Cassell. four workmen in the mill were returning home from work, they Resolved, By the West Point were attacked by a crowd of strikers, Rifles and Volunteer Southrons who threw stones and bricks at them. were attacked by a crowd of strikers, in joint meeting that the tbanks of The four men were able for a while to our two companies are returned to keep their assailants at a distance, but Col. Guenther, Lieutenants Dowdy and finally one of the workmen, named McCain for kindness extended our Shipman, was compelled to draw his companies and for the strict imparti- revolver. "Near the parsonage of St. ality shown in their decision of our Joseph's Catholic church," Shipman says, "I was hit on the head with a stone by a striker named John Hogan, me with his fist. I turned and fired my pistol at Hogan, but did not hit him. I tried to fire again, but the pistol didn't go off. I had the pistol ready to shoot again, when I heard some one call out, 'put up that pistol or you are a dead man.' I then saw Rev. Anthony Malloy pointing a gun at me from a two-story window of the parsonage. I put the pistol in my pocket and hurried along, with the crowd howling after me. I was soon overtoken by Father Malloy, who dispersed the crowd, disarmed and took me to the station-house for safekeeping."

> Girls Strike Against an Objection-able Employe. MILWAUKEE, WIS., Aug. 19.—Yesterday afternoon fifty girls, employed in the stitching department of Bradley and Metcalfe, boot and shoe manufactury, put on their hats and went home.

is removed. Thin People. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Im-

Interview with Gen Gordes In response to questions relating to military men he was associated with.

General Gordon said ; "Stonewall Jackson was one of the most wonderful men upon a field of battle that I ever saw. He was monumental. In execution and in overcoming obstacles and meeting the emergencies of the moment he was simply unapproachable. I mean he was superior to General Lee, As a General to command an army General Lee was far abler. He had a comprehensive intellect, a wide range of vision and a greater genius than Jackson for conducting war on a vast scale, taking in all the multitudinous details. He could plan better than Jackson : but Jackson could execute better than Lee! If I were at the head of an army, I would sooner have Jackson for a Lieutenant than Lee. If I were a Lieutenant I would sooner have Lee for a commander than Jackson, I remember at one battle General Jackson dashed up like a tornado to where General Lee was watching the progress of the contest. Reigning in his prancing horse, General Jackson said : "General Lee, the move you have ordered on the left is all wrong, and is not being made as it should be made."

"Why so?" said Gen. Lee in his quiet, earnest way. "Because the topography will not

admit of it," said Jackson. "But my engineers," said Lee, "made the report upon which these move-ments are based."

"Well, your engineers don't know any thing about it," blurted out Jackon in his blunt way. "How do you know, Gen. Jackson?

You have not been gone from my side but a moment." "I have been all along the line," said Jackson, "and know that we are moving wrong."

"But who will change and direct the movement?" said Gen. Lee.

"I will," said Jackson. "Very well; proceed," replied Lee, and away Jackson went like the whirlwind. When Lee had given his orders at first, Jackson, as was his custom, had dashed along his entire line of battle, six miles long, taking in every this section being distressingly healthy. point at a glance, and forming his plans as he rode; and he was back again at Lee's side before he had realized that he was absent. In battle Jackson never trusted to any one for his information as to the ground and the' progress of the fight. It was all under his supervision. He would ride down a horse, unhitch another from a wagon, or pick him any place, and away he would go, leaving his staff strung out behind him. When he had a separate command he won his battles by marching rather than by fighting. He applied a new maxim to war-strike the enemy when they least expect you if would march thirty miles in a night, leave ten thousand men by the wayside, and strike thirty thousand of the enemy with ten thousand men, rather than cover the distance in two days and meet them upon equal terms. He D. C. Bramlette, 1st used to say: "It doesn't make any J. L. McCaskill, 7th. difference how many men you have got, if the enemy doesn't know you are

> Bucklen's Arnica Salve The Best Salve in the world for cuts Bruises, Sores. Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands,

Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Erupons, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give during the evening session. perfect satisfaction, or money refund-ed. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Hardaway & Cassell.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ills., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Will Learn It After Awhile. Nashville Union

In the fulness of time it will draw upon the benighted visions of the managers of the bloody shirt factory that they are turning out Democratic votes.

WILL YOU SUFFER with dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by Hardaway & Cassell. 1

Loaded Cars on an Incline Break Loose and Kill Four Persons and Wounds Another.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Aug. 19-This afternoon, while cars were ascending and descending the inclined railroad at the Cabin Creek coal mines, a short distance above the city, loaded cars broke loose and collided with a car in which were Layton Oakford, president of the road, Thomas Peacock, Amos Mitchell, Joseph Hall and Thomson, killing the four first named and seriously wounding Thomson. The Cabin Creek road is seven miles long and is used for the transportion of coal from the mines to the Chesapeake & Ohio track.

To Consult With Mr. Belknap.

Special to Commercial Herald. SHREVEFORT, Aug. 19.-Superintendent Belknap, I. Hardy, of the V. & M. & V., S. & P., and L. D. McLain, of the Monroe Oil Works, came in tonight. They were accompanied by

DEAR BOB GETS THERE.

AND DARDENS DULL THUD,

is Scarcely Heard Amid the Thunders of Applause That Greet Lowry's Renomination -- Featherstone and Walker Withdrawn--Jackson Torn Up by the Roots With Joy, and the Warren Light Artillery-Convention Chronicles.

special to Commercial Herald.

JACKSON. MISS., August 19.-Away deep into the night and almost until the day star glimmered in the east did the candidates and their big and little henchmen pull wires and roll logs for the offices. The Edwards House was a bechive where the office-seeker's arm shaking the uncertain candidate for honey was a fit exemplification of the phenomenon of perpetual sotion. I held my chair down at the patter hostelrie until the hour hands of the clock ointed past 2 a.m. and still my bosom friend Col. Inge was there coralling delegates behind the main stairway and lassoing all he could with promises to support him. The colonel is a brick of the first water and as a worker he is is karats fine and never a flaw. This morning the streets were alive with peo-

ple and the crowds began to assemble in and around the capitol as early as 9 o'clock. Tickets of admission were issued to the delegates and to members of the press by the secretary of State. Yet in spite of this check the hall of representatives was crowded to its utmost capacity with those entitled to seals. Before 10 c.clock the balcony running around the interior of the hall was jammed with humanity, a large portion of which were muslin and other fabrics of feminine attire.

THE CONVENTION.

The convention was called to order by Hon. Oliver Clifton, of Jackson, who, on taking the choir called attention to the auspleious fact that every branch of the national government was in the hands of true and tried Democrats. He alluded to the contrary condition of things existing on the occasion of assembling of the last convention; and hoped from the complexion of delegations present, that wisdom and justice would characterize their proceedings and that although there were thirty-eight candidates for only seven offices, the very best selection possible in every instance would be made, A befitting prayer was then offered by Rev. John Hunter, of Jackson.

Hon. J. M. Stone. ex-governor of Tishomingo, presented the name of ex-Lieutenant Governor W. H. Simms, of Lowndes, as temporary chairman and he was elected by acclamation Ex-Gov. Stone and Mr. McNeilly of Hinds,

were appointed committee of two to escort the chairman to his seat, On taking the chair ex-Gov. Simms thanked

the convention for the honor conferred; said no such assemblage had ever been gathered together within the deliberative halls of the State, and announced the convention ready for business.

Hon, J. L. Power was elected temporary secretary, and Messrs, Marion Smith, of Hinds, and A. R. Wall, of Hancock, assistant secreta-

Mr. A. G. Lewis was elected temporary seargeant-at-arms. On motion of Col. W. A. Percy, of Greenville. the temporary organization was made per-

manent without a dissenting voice. On motion of ex-Gov. Stone, a committee of they outnumber you ten to one! He one from each congressional district was appointed a committee on credentials. The following committee on credentials was

announced by the secretary: Hon. B. B. Mitchell, Chairman of the 4th, John Calhoun, 2d; L. W. Magruder, sd; B. O. Ricks, 5th.

D. C. Bramlette, 1st; Newton Cayce, 1st, and The list of delegates as read by the Secretary was adopted by the committee on credentials, as embracing the names of those entitled to

seats in the convention. A committee on resolutions and platform consisting of two from each Congressional district, and four from the State at large. was on motion of Allen.

Attala was ordered to be appointed by the chair. The chair stated the announcement of names members of the committee would be made

Oliver Clifton moved that the rules governing the Mississippi house of representatives govern the deliberations of this convention. Carried. Humphreys, of Lowndes, introduced the fol-

Resolved, That nominations for Governor now be declared in order, and that the convention proceed to nominate by a call of the con-

Senator J. McC. Martin, of Claiborne, in in eloquent speech enunci-ated and enumerated the good result achieved for good government in the State since the memorable revolution of 1875, and in particular and graphic details set forth the immense reduction in taxation and the impetus in inter-ual improvements, in railroad building and land investments, together with the wonderful increase in educational and eliemosonary institutions which had taken place under the benificent administrations of Stone and Lowry. Amid the wildest applause he concluded his address, by placing in nomination for Governor of Mississippi the name of Robt. Lowry, of Rankin, the faultless Colonel of the Sixth Mississippi, and the greatest fighter in the shadowy and dark days of the Democracy, in its struggle against the hydra-headed monster of Radicalism G. B. Huddleston, of Scott, in placing in nomination the name of Capt. Put Darden, made a statement that he represented a class of Democrats who believed that the judiciary should be elected. He spoke of Capt. Darden's bravery in war, his purity as a mifn, his fealty as a Democrat, and above all his being a representative of the great agricultural interests of Mississippi, Capt. W. H. Hardy, of Lauderdale withdrew the name of Hon. Joel P. Walker, of Meridian, alluded to him as a man who went in the bloom of his manhood to the war, and who had severed his people in peace, in places of confidence and honor. He stated that he did so at the request of Mr. Walker, who desired harmony in his party more than personal preferment, and pledged his warmest support to the nominees

of the Democratic party. Mr. Jas, T. Fant, of Marshall, paid a glowing tribute to Gen. W. S. Featherstone as a soldier and statesman and announced mid a gluur leane of cheers that Marshall had no candidate before this convention. The first ballot resulted in:

Lowry 19214; Darden 45%; Calhoun 2. When the result of the balloting was an-nounced the wildest scene of excitement ensued. Delegates sprang to their feet gestionulating, stamping, elapping hands, and yelling at the top of their voices. Even the ladies in the galleries caught the infection of the scene and waving their handkerchiefs added their dulcet cheers to the hoarser waves of sound which rolled from the masculine throats below them. The roar of the cannon just then beginning to be fired by a detachment of the Warren Light Artillery in front of the capital, the rattle of musketry from the guns of the West Point Rifles, drawn up in the State house night. They were accompanied by grounds, and the martial music of the Messrs. O'Neal, Crichton and Drake, Jackson Firemen's Silver Cornet Boand, merchants of Minden, who are to con- stationed on the balcony adjoining the hallsult here with Mr. Belknap regarding of representatives, joined in commingled accompaniment to the voice of the people within and ald

around the capitol, and filled the welkin with h | The Curse of Drink--The inventor shands of an ovation than which none greats # or more heart-born has ever been accorded at y son of Miss salppl. When the noise had some what subsided, Green Huddleston, Put Darden's champion, apraug to hisfeet and moved that Lowry's nomination be made unanimour. An other fumultuous scene ensued and the motion was curried amid deafening cheers.

A committee of three, consisting of Hardy, of Landerdale; Mitchell of Pontotoc; and Huddle-ston, of Boott, was appointed by the chair to notify Governor Lowry of his comical on and request him to eddress the convention.

If the sounds which attended the announcement of Lowry's vote were a hurricane of applause, those which greeted his appearance as he made his appearance at the door of the Representative hall, rose higher and higher, louder and louder, until they swelled into an utter cyclone of boisterous declamation. Men hugged each other in frantic joy, the ladies sent down festoons and baskets of flowers from the balcony, the band played "Hail to the Chief." the cannon thundered approval, and the noise that came from the multitude assembled in the corridors, and in the streets and prounds around about the building roared like the sea when it rushes against the rocks of Labrador. Never perhaps in his whole life wa-"Dear Bob," the people's choice, as visibly and so deeply affected. He came slowly up the isle and his emotion seen of all eyes was almost be youd his control. Escorted by the committe he ascended the speaker's rostrum and in a vo ce quivering with feeling, yet loud, clear and distinctly heard in every nook and cranny of the vast hall, he said:

Mr. President and Gentleman of the Conven-

Your approving judgment—this generous greeting overwhelms me with grateful emotions. I cannot find words to express the gratitude which I feel towards you and the people of man can achieve no higher or better reward in

cannot find words to express the gralitude which I feel towards you and the people of Mississippi.

Man can achieve no higher or better reward in this life, than the confidence and esteem of a brave, intelligent and virtuous people; the human heart can experience but faw impulses more loyful than those which gush from foun, tams opened by voluntary and independent expressions of popular applianse. I accept the nomination which you have conferred upon me to-day, not only with personal pride and satisfaction, but I true also with a just appreciation of its duties and responsibilities.

Fellow citizens of Mississippi, my life has been spent - mong you, in peace and in war, in wealth and in poverty, in sunshine and in storm, I have been identified with Mississippi. Her people have been my people, her G d has been my food and so it shall be till I die. It has been the ambition of my poor life to contribute something to the freedom, and the progress, and the honor and glory of Mississippi. I am very sensible of of the fact that my capacity has not been equal to my disposition to accomplish this end, but I thank food that its made musulest to day that my humble, honest efforts in this behalf, have been appreciated by the people of Mississippi. Neither the veno a of slander, nor the rage of personal malignity, has been able to divert their minds and consciences from the simple ways of truth, justice and fair dealing.

Nobody has been able to conceas from them the patent facis, that during my administration as Governor, that the laws have been faithfully and impartially enforced, that all expenditures of public money have been made according to law and have yleided the largest and best returns and chat the State has made unexampled progress in material and moral developments. More millions of dollars have been invested in the State in the last three and a half years, than was in any twenty years previous to or since the war. It has been my constant aim and dearest wish and fondest hope, to administe the office faithfull

a grave that knows no resurrection the memory of the wrongs done me in the late canvars.

I recognize, fellow chilzens, that the State government innest be administered for the common good, and for the benefit of all, but I beliere, rayou believe, that all the interests, of all the people of the State will be conserved and promoted by the continued assendency of the Democratic party. The Democratic party commends itself to the people of Mississippi of all classes and all conditions not by faith alone but by works. One has but to contrast Democratic rule with that of any other party in Mississippi, since the war, to understand why there is no opposition, or so lettle opposition to that party, at this day "With malice toward mone, the charity for all." I renew in this presence to-day the pledges of my faith and devotion to that party. In the future, as in the past, whoever opposes the Democratic party, is politically my opponent and whoever is a friend of that party is my brother. With the National Democratic party once more in power, with sectional lines and passions and prejudices rapidly fading into obscurity and obitiving, with the the whole firmment aglow with the cheering light of fraterary union, and brotherhood and peace on earth and good will toward men, and with continued and faithful Democratic government in Mississippi the future is full of hope and promise to us and our posterity in common with the American people.

"Then conquer we must, for our course it is just and the the wire retter of the device of the course."

people.

Then conquer we must, for our course it is just
And this be our motto: in God is our trust,
And the star spangled banner in triumph shall O'er the land of the free, and the home of the

The speech was listened to with attention

throughout and its salient ponits greeted with applause. At its conclusion an adjournment was moved and the convention took a recess un-

On the re-assembling of the convention at 5:20 p.m. a resolution was introduced and carried placing the office of State treasurer ahead of that of auditor in the order of voting on nominations. Col. C. P. Nilson, of Wilkinson, placed in nomination for Heutenant-governor G. D. Shands. Congressman John Allen nominated Col. Inge of Alcorn, in one of his most forcible and characteristically humorous speeches.

First ballot, Shands, 150%, Inge, 80 2-3. On motion of Col. John D. Ellis, the nominaion of Hon, G. D. Shands was made unanimous. The nominee appeared and made one of his matchless speeches. The old wheel horse from Alcorn, Col. Wm. Inge, assured the convention that he went down before the lance of Gov. Shands with more complacency than if he had been unhorsed by the pike of any other man,

M. Evans, George M. Govan, W. A. Loane and C. 8. Seward, were nominated for secretary of state in the order named, The speech of Col. T. R. Stockdale, nominating Major Govan, was ornate, eloquent and bristling with startling climaxes of oratory and brilliant figures of rhetoric. At its close the

D. P. Porter, J. S. Hoskins, F. L. Mendenhall, M.

cheers were continuous and prolonged from all parts of the house, The first ballot resulted as follows: Porter, 42 19-24. Hoskins, 247-15. Mendenhall, 7.

Roane, 41 3-5. Mendenhall, Hoskins and Seward were withdrawn after the fifth ballot. SIXTH BALLOT.

Evans, 58 15-42.

Govan, 5136.

Poster, 55 2-3. Evans, 10. Govan, 64 1-3.

Ronne, 48. EIGHTH BALLOT. Anrier, 49 2-3.

vans \$2. Govan, 67 8.15. Boane, 42. They are voting at 10:15 without result, There is every indication the deadlock will be broken befere the adjournment by the nomina-

tion of Govan or Evans. Subscribe for the Commercial Her-

of the Babcock Fire Extinguisher a Pauper. San Francisco Call.

Since last Saturday the Alms house

has numbered among its inmates an old gray-headed man of about 68 years of age apparently in the last stages of chronic alcoholism, and presenting in every respect the appearance of complete physical, if not mental, decrepi-Yet, if the story told tude. by the aged pauper be true, he has in times past occupied a far different position, his name being familiar throughout the length and breath of the United States as that of the inventor of the Babcock fire extinguisher. To an interviewer who visited him at the Alms House he gave a sketch of his life history, beginning with his birth at Rochester, N. N., in 1817, from which place, at the age of five, he removed with his parents to Mount Vernon, Ia., and later to Mansfield, in the same State. At the age of twenty-one he graduated from the Pennsylvania University of Medicine, but did not practice, entering instead into the mercantile business, at first in partnership with his father at Indianapolis, Ind., later, on his own account, in Dayton, O. He was very successful for eight years. but in 1854 his good fortune deserted him, and, after suffering a number of reverses, he went into diquidation. going to New York, he secured a position as dry goods clerk and remained there two years, during which time he married. Going back to Indianapolis he purchased, with his savings, an interest in his father's business, and for six years was quite successful. At the end of this time reverses again assailed him, and he retired from business with but \$2,000.

While in Indianapolis, however, in

1860, he had patented the fire extinguisher, which grew out of his experiments in chemisiry, for which he always had a taste, and after his failure he endeavored to do something in the way of disposing of it, while acting as taaveling agent for some Cincinnati tobacco and liquor firm, but met at first with but poor success. However, about a year later, he leased the right to manufacture and sell the extinguisher to Peabody & Co., of Chicago, for five years at \$5,000 a year, and immediately thereafter came to San Francisco. He ran the old Buckeye Hotel, on Market street, for a while, practicing medicine also, but being burned out, removed first to Oakland and afterward to Petaluma, where he kept a store for a while, finally falling. He retrieved himself by successfully speculating in Monterey lands with his annuity, and about this time lost his wife, which bereavement immediately preceded the first step of his downward career, since it led him to try and drown his sorrows in drink. Having once entered upon the path of vice, he pushed it to the end, spending the proceeds of his annuities in drink. Before entering upon the downward course, however, with the money derived from his land speculations, he purchased farms in Yamhili county, Ore., for his laughter and each of his three sons, where, he believes, they are all now, living in prosperous circumstances, though shame has prevented him from applying to them of late for assistance. He was first sent to the almshouse three years ago, remaining for six months, and being again sent out in July of last year. Between times he has wandered about the country, and the writer remembers seeing him in 1883, wandering about the streets of Santa Rosa, Sonoma county, in the lowest stages of drunken pauperism, his arrest for vagrancy, etc., being a regular weekly occurrence for some months.

OURE FOR PILES.

Piles are frequently proceeded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indgestion are present, as flatulency uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producin a very disagreeable itching, after get ting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and affecting a permanent cure. Price, 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co. Piqua, Ohio. Sold by C. C. Reynolds

SHILOR'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness, and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Fardaway & Cas-

The Louisiana State Prohibition Convention. Special to The Commercial Herald, SHREVEPORT, Aug. 19—The Louis-

iana State Prohibition convention, the first ever held, met here to-day and adopted a long platform for earnest work in the prohibition cause. Dr. S M. Angill of New Orleans, president, and J. Y. Gilmore of New Iberia, secretary, and a State executive committee was consisting of ten from each congressional district and three from the State-at-large. This committee is to appoint sub-committees in all parishes and wards, and commence work at once. The attendance was not large, but all were earnest workers.

DIED

SAUNDERS-Died, on the Marshall place, Warren county, Mississippi, of congestion, on Tiesday, August 11th, E. W. SAUNDERS, and on Thursday, August 13th, E. J. SAUNDERS, both beloved children of William and Sarah